

In Situ Hybridization to detect miRNA expression in *Xenopus* using Locked Nucleic Acid Probes

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1. Set Water bath at 20°C below the T_m of the probe. (This is the only difference in the protocol we follow for in situ hybridizations using antisense RNA probe, except for step 4 of the LNA protocol—adding the probe).
2. 3' end labeling reaction from Roche (cat# 3 353 575)
 - a. ice bucket
 - b. ___ of Exiqon LNA probe (100pmol)
 - c. ___ of Nuclease Free H₂O
 - d. 4µl reaction buffer (vial 1)
 - e. 4µl CoCl₂ (vial 2)
 - f. 1µl DIG UTP (vial 3)
 - g. 0.5µl terminal transferase (vial 4)
 - h. incubate at 37°C for 30 minutes
 - i. place on ice and stop with 5µl of 0.1M EDTA (pH8)

} 10µl total
3. Purify with G-25 Amersham (cat# 27-5325-01)
 - a. Resuspend resin by vortex
 - b. Loosen cap ¼ turn, snap off bottom
 - c. Place column in a 1.5ml tube. Prespin for 1 min at 3K
 - d. Apply sample to center. Spin 2min at 3K. Save this elution, it is your 3' end labeled LNA probe.
4. Remove prehybridization mix, discard, and replace with 600µl of hybridization mix containing 6µl of the LNA probe.

Example of finished product in a day 5 tadpole using gga-miR-124a probe:

